

Material Safety Data Sheet

| Section1. Product Information and Company Identification | | | |
|--|---|--------|------|
| Product name thyolphthaline solution | | | |
| Mol.formula | null | Cas no | null |
| Mol.wt | null | Cat no | T012 |
| Manfacture name | Pioneers for laboratory chemicals | | |
| Brand name | Piochem | | |
| Address | Area 540, Industrial Zone 6 th October city Giza, Egypt. | | |
| Website | www.piochem.com | | |
| E-mail | info@piochem.com | | |
| Phone number | +201225728304 , +201023932115 | | |

Section 2.Hazards Identification

Classification of the substance or mixture:

Not classified for physical or health hazards under GHS. Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Combustible Dust

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements: Precautionary statements:

Combustible Dust Hazard: :

May form combustible dust concentrations in air (during processing).

Section 3.First Aid Measures

Description of first aid measures

After inhalation: Move exposed individual to fresh air. Loosen clothing as necessary and position individual in a comfortable position.Seek medical advice if discomfort or irritation persists.If breathing difficult, give oxygen.

After skin contact: Wash affected area with soap and water. Rinse/flush exposed skin gently using water for 15-20 minutes. Seek medical advice if discomfort or irritation persists.

After eye contact: Protect unexposed eye. Rinse/flush exposed eye(s) gently using water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lens(es) if able to do so during rinsing. Seek medical attention if irritation persists or if concerned.

After swallowing: Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting. Have exposed individual drink sips of water. Seek medical attention if irritation,





discomfort or vomiting persists.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Irritation, Nausea, Headache, Shortness of breath.;

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

If seeking medical attention, provide SDS document to physician.

Section 4. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents: If in laboratory setting, follow laboratory fire suppression procedures. Use appropriate fire suppression agents for adjacent combustible materials or sources of ignition

For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents:

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Combustion products may include carbon oxides or other toxic vapors.Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

Advice for firefighters:

Protective equipment: Use NIOSH-approved respiratory protection/breathing apparatus. Additional information (precautions):

Move product containers away from fire or keep cool with water spray as a protective measure, where feasible.Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment

Section 5.Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Wear protective equipment. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.Avoid dust generation.Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol. Keep unprotected persons away. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental precautions:

Prevent from reaching drains, sewer or waterway. Collect contaminated soil for characterization

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

If in a laboratory setting, follow Chemical Hygiene Plan procedures.Place





into properly labeled containers for recovery or disposal. If necessary, use trained response staff/contractor.Dust deposits should not be allowed to

accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Collect solids in powder form using vacuum with HEPA filter.

Section 6. Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Use only in well ventilated areas.Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash hands after handling. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Provide ventilation for containers. Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from oxidizing agents.Store in cool, dry conditions in well sealed containers. Keep container tightly sealed.Store with like hazards

Section 7. Additional Information

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.Note:. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user.The user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment.The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate.However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material.It is the responsibility of the user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations applicable to this material.

